

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name PermaRez 338 Reinforced Lining - Resin/Side A
Version # 1.0
Revision date 20-Jun-2008
Company information PolySpec
 6614 Gant Road
 Houston, TX 77066 US
Emergency Chemtrec (800) 424-9300
 International (703) 527-3887

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component(s)	CAS #	Percent
Styrene	100-42-5	< 40
Non-hazardous and other components below reportable levels		> 60

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency overview Highly flammable. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Irritating to skin. Irritating to respiratory system. Harmful in contact with eyes.

Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure. May cause cancer. May cause breathing disorders and lung damage. Will be easily ignited by heat, spark or flames. May cause brain and central nervous system damage. Can cause adverse reproductive effects.

Potential short term health effects

Eyes Contact may irritate or burn eyes. Eye contact may result in corneal injury.
Skin Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin. Irritating to skin.
Inhalation May cause breathing disorders and lung damage. Irritating to respiratory system.
Ingestion Do not ingest.
Target organs Central nervous system. Eyes. Liver. Respiratory system. Skin.
Main symptoms Chronic exposure to neurotoxins damages the brain and the central nervous system. Liver injury may occur.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Skin contact Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Get medical attention immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention, if needed.

Ingestion Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If material is ingested, immediately contact a physician or poison control center. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Drink plenty of water.

Notes to physician Symptoms may be delayed.

General advice Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Keep victim warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim under observation.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Unusual fire & explosion hazards	Runoff to sewer may cause fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors form flammable or explosive mixtures with air at room temperature. Vapor or gas may spread to distant ignition sources and flash back.
Hazardous combustion products	Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Irritating and toxic gases or fumes may be released during a fire.
Suitable extinguishing media	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical. Foam. Water may be an ineffective extinguishing medium.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. In the event of fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus.
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reason	Water may be ineffective.
Flash point	80 °F (26.7 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Evacuation procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas.
Containment procedures	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible.
Personal precautions	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.
Methods for cleaning up	Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Avoid dust formation. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Should not be released into the environment.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. Surfaces may become slippery after spillage.
Storage	Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not freeze.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits

ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - Short Term Exposure Limits (TLV-STEL)		
Styrene	100-42-5	40 Ppm STEL
ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - Time Weighted Averages (TLV-TWA)		
Styrene	100-42-5	20 Ppm TWA
ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - TLV Basis - Critical Effects		
Styrene	100-42-5	Neurotoxicity; irritation; CNS
OSHA - Final PELs - Ceiling Limits		
Styrene	100-42-5	200 Ppm Ceiling
OSHA - Final PELs - Time Weighted Averages (TWAs)		
Styrene	100-42-5	100 Ppm TWA

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

A NIOSH- approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Hand protection

Protective gloves.

Eye protection

Wear chemical goggles. Face-shield.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

General

Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

Engineering measures to reduce exposure

Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain worker exposure below exposure limits.

Hygiene measures

When using do not smoke. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food and drink. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice for diagnostics. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Density 8.9131 lb/gal

Form Liquid.

Specific gravity 1.07

10. CHEMICAL STABILITY & REACTIVITY INFORMATION

Stability Risk of ignition.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur.

Incompatibility Peroxides. Strong acids.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Local effects Liver toxicity. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin. Irritating to respiratory system. Irritating to skin.

Component analysis - LD50

NIOSH - Selected LD50s and LC50s

Styrene 100-42-5 Inhalation LC50 Rat: 12 g/m³/4H; Inhalation LC50 Mouse: 9500 mg/m³/4H; Oral LD50 Rat: 2650 mg/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse: 316 mg/kg

Carcinogenicity Cancer hazard.

ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - Carcinogens

Styrene 100-42-5 A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

Reproductivity Possible reproductive hazard.

Chronic toxicity Repeated absorption may cause disorder of central nervous system, liver, kidneys and blood. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury.

Further information Symptoms may be delayed. Reproductive toxicity.

Routes of exposure Inhalation. Skin contact.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Components of this product are hazardous to aquatic life.

Environmental effects Harmful to aquatic life.

Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish Species Data

Styrene 100-42-5 96 Hr LC50 fathead minnow: 4.02 mg/L (flow-through); 96 Hr LC50 bluegill: 25.05 mg/L (Static); 96 Hr LC50 goldfish: 64.74 mg/L (Static)

Ecotoxicity - Microtox Data

Styrene 100-42-5 5 Min EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum: 5.4 mg/L

Ecotoxicity - Water Flea Data

Styrene 100-42-5 48 Hr EC50 water flea: 23.0 mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste codes D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Disposal instructions

This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Consult authorities before disposal. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**Department of Transportation (DOT) Requirements**

Proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Hazard class	3
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
Quantity limits passenger	60 L
Quantity limits cargo	220 L
Vessel stowage location	A
UN number	UN1263
Packaging group	III
Labels required	3
ERG number	128

DOT

**International Air Transport Association (IATA) Requirements**

Proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Hazard class	3
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
Quantity limits passenger	60 L
Quantity limits cargo	220 L
Vessel stowage location	A
UN number	UN1263
Packaging group	III
Labels required	3
Passenger Cargo Pkg Inst	Y309
LQ	309
Packaging Instructions	310
Pkg Inst Cargo Only	

IATA



International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code Requirements

Proper shipping name	PAINT
Hazard class	3
Special provisions	163, 640E
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
Quantity limits passenger	60 L
Quantity limits cargo	220 L
Vessel stowage location	A
Item	F1
UN number	UN1263
Packaging group	III
Labels required	3
Hazard ID	30
Transport Category	3

IMDG



15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

Styrene 100-42-5 0.1 % de minimis concentration

Inventory - European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Styrene 100-42-5 202-851-5

Inventory - United States - Section 8(b) Inventory (TSCA)

Styrene 100-42-5 Present

Occupational safety and health administration (OSHA)

29 CFR 1910.1200 Yes
hazardous chemical

CERCLA (superfund) reportable quantity

DMA: 100.0000

Superfund amendments and reauthorization act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 302 extremely hazardous substance No

Section 311 hazardous chemical Yes

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

NFPA ratings

Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Instability: 0

International regulations

Canada - 2004 NPRI (National Pollutant Release Inventory)

Styrene 100-42-5 Part 1, Group 1 Substance; Part 5 Substance

Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

Styrene 100-42-5 0.1 % (English Item 1473, French Item 1508)

State regulations

Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Styrene 100-42-5 Carcinogen; Extraordinarily hazardous

New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Styrene 100-42-5 sn 1748

Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Styrene 100-42-5 Environmental hazard

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release.

Issue date

20-Jun-2008

MSDS sections updated

Disposal Considerations: Disposal instructions