

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<b>Product name</b>	<b>Thiokol 2236 Swimming Pool Joint Sealant - Hardener/Side B</b>
<b>Version #</b>	1.0
<b>Revision date</b>	06-May-2010
<b>Company information</b>	PolySpec 6614 Gant Road Houston, TX 77066 US
<b>Emergency</b>	Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 International (703) 527-3887

## 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component(s)	CAS #	Percent
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	471-34-1	< 20
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	< 2.5
Talc	14807-96-6	< 10
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	< 1
Non-hazardous and other components below reportable levels		> 80

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency overview** Harmful in contact with eyes. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure. May cause cancer. May cause breathing disorders and lung damage.

### Potential short term health effects

<b>Eyes</b>	Contact may irritate or burn eyes. Eye contact may result in corneal injury.
<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause breathing disorders and lung damage.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do not ingest.
<b>Target organs</b>	Eyes. Respiratory system.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### First aid

<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention, if needed.
<b>Ingestion</b>	If material is ingested, immediately contact a physician or poison control center. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General advice</b>	Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Small Fires: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.  Large Fires: Water spray, fog or regular foam.
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<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.
<b>Flash point</b>	200 °F (93.3 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Evacuation procedures</b>	Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Keep unnecessary personnel away.
<b>Containment procedures</b>	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
<b>Personal precautions</b>	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling</b>	Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Surfaces may become slippery after spillage.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Do not freeze.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Exposure limits

#### ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - Time Weighted Averages (TLV-TWA)

Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	471-34-1	10 Mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica)
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	0.05 Mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (respirable fraction)
Talc	14807-96-6	2 Mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (respirable fraction, particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica)

#### ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - TLV Basis - Critical Effects

Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	471-34-1	irritation
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	silicosis; lung function; lung fibrosis; cancer
Talc	14807-96-6	lung

### Personal protective equipment

<b>Respiratory protection</b>	A NIOSH- approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Protective gloves.
<b>Eye protection</b>	Wear chemical goggles.
<b>Skin and body protection</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing.
<b>General</b>	Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

**Engineering measures to reduce exposure** Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain worker exposure below exposure limits.

**Hygiene measures** Keep away from food and drink. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice for diagnostics. When using do not smoke. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Density</b>	11.8259 lb/gal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Specific gravity</b>	1.4191

## 10. CHEMICAL STABILITY & REACTIVITY INFORMATION

**Stability** Stable at normal conditions.

**Conditions to avoid** Direct sources of heat.  
**Incompatibility** None known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Local effects** Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### Component analysis - LD50

#### NIOSH - Selected LD50s and LC50s

Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	Oral LD50 Rat: 1230 mg/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse: 1360 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 2 g/kg
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	471-34-1	Oral LD50 Rat: 6450 mg/kg

**Carcinogenicity** Cancer hazard.

#### ACGIH - Threshold Limits Values - Carcinogens

Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
Talc	14807-96-6	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (containing no asbestos fibers); A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen (containing asbestos fibers)

#### NTP (National Toxicology Program) - Report on Carcinogens - Known Carcinogens

Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	Known Carcinogen
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**Chronic toxicity** Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** Components of this product have been identified as having potential environmental concerns.

### Environmental effects

#### Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish Species Data

Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	96 Hr LC50 fathead minnow: 460 mg/L (Static); 96 Hr LC50 bluegill: 10 mg/L (Static)
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#### Ecotoxicity - Microtox Data

Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	5 Min EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum: 63.7 mg/L; 15 min EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum: 63.7 mg/L; 30 min EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum: 71.4 mg/L
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#### Ecotoxicity - Water Flea Data

Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	48 Hr EC50 water flea: 23 mg/L
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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal instructions** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

## 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

### Department of Transportation (DOT) Requirements

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### International Air Transport Association (IATA) Requirements

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code Requirements

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### US federal regulations

#### Inventory - European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	202-859-9
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	471-34-1	207-439-9
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	238-878-4
Talc	14807-96-6	238-877-9

#### Inventory - United States - Section 8(b) Inventory (TSCA)

Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	Present
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	471-34-1	Present
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	Present
Talc	14807-96-6	Present

### Occupational safety and health administration (OSHA)

**29 CFR 1910.1200** Yes  
**hazardous chemical**

**CERCLA (superfund) reportable quantity**

None

**Superfund amendments and reauthorization act of 1986 (SARA)****Section 302 extremely hazardous substance** No**Section 311 hazardous chemical** Yes**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - No  
Delayed Hazard - Yes  
Fire Hazard - No  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No**NFPA ratings** Health: 0  
Flammability: 1  
Instability: 0**International regulations****Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List**Benzyl Alcohol 100-51-6 1 % (English Item 169, French Item 170)  
Crystalline Silica 14808-60-7 1 % (English Item 1406, French Item 1491)**State regulations****California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List**

Crystalline Silica 14808-60-7 carcinogen, initial date 10/1/88 (airborne particles of respirable size)

**Massachusetts - Right To Know List**Benzyl Alcohol 100-51-6 Present  
Crystalline Silica 14808-60-7 Carcinogen; Extraordinarily hazardous  
Talc 14807-96-6 Present; Exempt when encapsulated or if particulates are not present and cannot be substantially generated through use of the product.**New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**Crystalline Silica 14808-60-7 sn 1660  
Talc 14807-96-6 sn 1773**Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List**Benzyl Alcohol 100-51-6 Present  
Crystalline Silica 14808-60-7 Present as well as its dust  
Talc 14807-96-6 Present**16. OTHER INFORMATION****Disclaimer** The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release.**Issue date** 06-May-2010**MSDS sections updated** Disposal Considerations: Disposal instructions  
Other Information: Disclaimer